EltaMD® SilverGel™
Antimicrobial Wound Gel (Silver 55ppm)

Provides a moist healing environment to help control bioburden

EltaMD® SilverGel™ is a clear, amorphous antimicrobial wound gel containing 55ppm silver. It provides a moist healing environment and broad-spectrum antimicrobial protection for high-risk or infected wounds with light to moderate exudate. It absorbs up to equal its volume of wound exudate. See Kill Test Results on other side.

- Water-soluble gel remains clear while in use and will not discolor or stain tissue.
- Viscosity allows full antimicrobial contact with entire wound bed.
- Provides sustained and effective silver ion release for three days plus (proven by comprehensive testing).
- Applies easily and remains in wound bed.

Uses
Exudate amounts: None, low or moderate. Do not use on wounds with high amount of exudate. EltaMD SilverGel can be used for OTC use on abrasions, minor burns, superficial cuts, lacerations, and minor irritations of the skin. Under supervision of a medical professional, it is indicated for use on sites where infection exists or threatens including surgical wounds, 1st and 2nd degree burns, grafted wounds, skin tears, donor sites and various skin ulcers.

Directions
Cleanse wound. Apply a generous amount of EltaMD SilverGel directly onto the affected site or apply as directed by physician. Wound may be covered with a dressing when directed by physician. Repeat as necessary to prevent/deter infection and to keep wound moist.

DRESSING INFORMATION
EltaMD SilverGel may be covered with a dressing when directed by physician.

Changing the Dressing: Remove secondary dressing, if one is applied. Cleanse the wound bed to remove any remaining EltaMD SilverGel. Re-apply EltaMD SilverGel, following Directions.

Dressing Changing Frequency: EltaMD SilverGel may be left in a wound for up to 3 days. Dressing should be changed if excessive exudate begins forming or if a secondary dressing becomes soaked with exudate. Dressing should be changed as recommended by an appropriate clinical authority.

Package size/dispenser
1.0 oz / 29.6 mL Bellow

Applications per package
Varies by application amount and size of area covered

Ingredients
Carbomer, Glycerin, Purified Water, Silver Nitrate, Sodium Chloride, Triethanolamine.

Availability
Physician-dispensed only

Label warning
If condition worsens or does not improve within 10-14 days, consult a physician. Keep this and similar products out of the reach of children. Follow directions for use.

Other information
EltaMD SilverGel has been shown to inhibit the growth of
- MRSA
- Aspergillus niger
- Pseudomonas aeruginosa
- Candida albicans
- Staphylococcus aureus
- Escherichia coli
- Vancomycin-Resistant Enterococci (VRE)

EltaMD®: The Science of Skin Care Delivered Safely

EltaMD, Inc.  2055 Luna Road, #126  Carrollton, TX 75006
1-800-633-8872  elta.md.com

Available only through approved physicians.

©2017 EltaMD, Inc. All rights reserved. EltaMD is a registered trademark of EltaMD, Inc.  88-626  Rev. 1/17
EltaMD® SilverGel™
Antimicrobial Wound Gel (Silver 55ppm)

Why a wound gel?

EltaMD® SilverGel™ flows into a wound bed better than any other antimicrobial silver wound gel allowing for a high degree of conformity. Research has shown that antimicrobial dressings containing silver must come fully into contact with the wound bed or wound exudate in order to be most effective:

“One additional factor that impinges on antiseptic efficacy and is not related to the form of silver used or the dosage but should not be overlooked is the ability of the carrier dressing to conform to the wound bed. High conformability helps ensure that areas of non-contact between the dressing and the wound bed are minimized thus reducing the formation of voids (dead space) where bacteria may flourish.”

EltaMD SilverGel offers antimicrobial protection where infection exists or threatens. It releases silver ions at the point of contact, whether on intact or abraded skin or an open wound. When the silver ions penetrate the cell membranes of infectious microorganisms, the ions bind to and denature proteins (including DNA and RNA). This process inhibits replication of cells, thus eliminating further microbial activity and promoting wound healing.

1Exploring the Effects of Silver in Wound Management — What is Optimal?
Richard White, PhD; Keith Cutting, MN, RN, Dip N, Cert Ed
2Eric Luo, Ph.D, Swiss-American, Inc.

EltaMD SilverGel Kill Test Results
Test data on file

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organisms</th>
<th>Kill Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pseudomonas aeruginosa – 24 hours</td>
<td>&gt;99.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. albicans – 24 hours</td>
<td>99.98%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRSA – 24 hours</td>
<td>&gt;99.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A. niger – 24 hours</td>
<td>93.93%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. coli – 24 hours</td>
<td>&gt;99.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. coli – 48 hours</td>
<td>&gt;99.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E. coli – 72 hours</td>
<td>&gt;99.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S. aurus – 24 hours</td>
<td>&gt;99.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S. aurus – 48 hours</td>
<td>&gt;99.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S. aurus – 72 hours</td>
<td>&gt;99.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vancomycin-Resistant Enterococci (VRE) – 24 hours</td>
<td>&gt;99.95%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>